

**Arkansas Board of Certified Court Reporter Examiners** 

# **ARBOCCRE**

# CERTIFICATION EXAMINATION RULES, PROCEDURES, AND STUDY MATERIALS

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Arkansas Board of Certified Court Reporter Examiners (ARBOCCRE)
Alice C. Cook, Executive Secretary
625 Marshall Street Little Rock, Arkansas 72201
501-425-5995 (phone)
www.arcourts.gov/boccre/
arboccre@arcourts.gov

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### **CCR CERTIFICATION EXAMINATION (Written and Dictation)**

- The test for Arkansas Certified Court Reporter (CCR) is comprised of the following:
  - > Written knowledge test consisting of 50 multiple choice questions
    - > Legal Terminology
    - > Word Usage
    - Spelling
    - > Punctuation
    - Sections 19 and 22 of the Regulations of the Arkansas Board of Certified Court Reporter Examiners
    - Rule 3-1(i) (1)(11)Preparation of the Record, Rules of the Supreme Court and Court of Appeals
    - > Sections 19 and 22 and Rule 3-1(i)(1)-(11) may be found on the "Rules and

Regulations" tab at <a href="https://www.arcourts.gov/boccre/">www.arcourts.gov/boccre/</a>

- > Must be passed with a minimum score of 70% accuracy (15 errors allowed)
- > Dictation skills exam consists of three five-minute dictations:
  - > 180 wpm literary, 95% accuracy (45 errors allowed)
  - > 200 wpm jury charge, 95% accuracy (50 errors allowed)
  - > 225 wpm question and answer, 95% accuracy (56 errors allowed)

NOTE: The percentages addressed herein shall not be subject to modification by implementation of rounding up or down.

# **REQUIREMENTS TO TEST**

- ♦ Applicant must be at least 18 years of age.
- Applicants must not be a convicted felon.
- ♦ Arkansas residents must submit a **certified** background check from the Arkansas
- ◆ State Police for in-state Applicants.

  Out-of-state Applicants must submit a **certified** background check from the state of their residence from a governmental agency approved by the Board.

#### **TEST FEES**

- ♦ \$ 75 Arkansas resident
- ♦ \$150 out-of-state resident

#### **TEST REGISTRATION**

- ◆ Deadlines for each testing schedule may be found on the "Calendar" tab at www.arcourts.gov/boccre/ and the application may be found on the "Certification Information" tab.
- Workshop and exam schedule may be found on the "Certification Information" tab.

# **CANCELLATION/REFUND POLICY**

- ♦ Should you need to cancel for any reason, you must notify the Board in writing, by mail or email, to Alice C. Cook, Executive Secretary, arboccre@arcourts.gov.
- ♦ If cancellation notice is received five (5) calendar days or more prior to a testing event, the Applicant may receive one (1) non-transferable voucher that is valid for one (1) future testing event. The voucher must be used within one year of the test date for which the voucher was issued.

#### **EXAMINATION READINESS WORKSHOP**

- ♦ A workshop will be presented on the Saturday before the Sunday test.
- ♦ The written exam will be given at the conclusion of the Saturday workshop.
- The workshop will include the following:
  - Discussion and practice of proper dictation techniques, audibility, transcription, proofreading, policies and procedures, grading, review and practice of downloading techniques, and a dictation practice and minimock test session.
  - > Items needed for workshop:
    - Mask or steno machine
    - Dictation recording equipment
    - Flash drive for practice purposes (will be provided)
  - > The mini mock test will be graded by you and you will be allowed to review it with a test proctor.
  - Written knowledge test information presented by an English/grammar teacher (1-2 hours in length)

#### REGISTRATION AT EXAMINATION SITE

- Do not enter the examination room prior to registration.
- ♦ Applicant must furnish driver's license for ID verification.
- ♦ Applicant will be assigned a number. All exam materials, including envelopes, flash drives, and paper notes must be marked with Applicant's assigned number.
- ♦ After the transcription is started, no one is allowed to leave the testing room without a test proctor.

#### LIST OF ITEMS YOU ARE ALLOWED TO BRING INTO TEST ROOM

- ♦ Printer
- ♦ Paper
- ♦ Pencil
- Voice silencer (mask)
- Digital recording equipment (e.g. digital recorder, realtime dictation software/ computer, etc.)
- ◆ Transcription equipment (e.g. computer, transcription software, foot pedal, headphones, realtime dictation software, computer-aided transcription software)
- ♦ Stenotype Machine
- ♦ Merriam-Webster's Collegiate Dictionary
- Morson's English Guide
- ♦ Gregg's Reference Manual
- Snacks and drinks

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

- Flash drive(s) will be provided by test proctor.
- ◆ Upon entering the test room, choose or locate your seat and begin setup of your dictation/steno equipment only. All other equipment, including transcribing equipment, cell phones, and other electronic equipment, must be turned off and left in closed briefcases or handbags and placed in the area designated by the test proctor for storage of personal belongings. No items may be left around or under the desks. All aisles must be kept clear. The sound of a cell phone during the test process shall result in disqualification.

- ◆ During the audio portion of the test, should a common disturbance occur such as a book falling, a door slamming, etc., you should continue your dictation. If such a disturbance occurs, the person who misses the fewest words will set the standard, and everyone will be credited with that number of words.
- Applicant shall not leave the exam site with a copy of the exam in any form, electronic or otherwise, and a representative of the Board will watch the deletion of the exam from all equipment, including all backup files created by your CAT software.
- ◆ Transcripts will no longer be printed at test site but may be printed for proofreading purposes only.
- ♦ Test results will be emailed to the Applicant.
- ♦ The Applicant who successfully passes the certification test will be required to attend an orientation class for new reporters. The date, time, and place will be included in the notification of test results to Applicant.

#### TRANSCRIPTION INFORMATION

- ♦ A total of 3-3/4 hours are allowed for transcription of three segments with 1-1/4 hour (75 minutes) allowed per segment. Following transcription, ten minutes will be allowed for downloading the segment to flash drive and submitting it to the test proctor. Time will be allotted as follows:
  - 1-1/4 hour, transcribe one segment; ten minutes, download and submit one segment
  - > 1-1/4 hour, transcribe second segment; ten minutes, download and submit second segment
  - > 1-1/4 hour, transcribe third segment; ten minutes, download and submit third segment
- ♦ All Applicants must cease transcribing a segment at the 1-1/4 hour mark and submit, or be in line to submit, that segment ten minutes later. Only one segment may be transcribed per time period, and Applicants may not begin transcribing another segment until the announcement to begin is made.
- ♦ Applicants taking only one segment will leave following the first 1-1/4 hour transcription session and ten minute turn-in time. This same procedure will be followed for those completing either two or three segments. No one may pack and leave during a transcribing segment. All equipment deletions and departures must take place during the break between segments.
- ♦ Test segments may be transcribed and submitted in any order, one segment per

timed session.

♦ Each submission must contain the transcript of only one segment. Any additional words from another segment or practice session contained in the transcript will be considered errors.

### FORMATTING REQUIREMENTS

◆ You must format and produce your test transcript(s) following Arkansas Supreme Court and Court of Appeals Rule 3-1, Sections i (1) − (12) as follows:

(i)Clerk's record and reporter's transcript-paper size and preparation. The transcript must be prepared in plain typewriting or computer word processor printing of the first impression, not copies, on  $8 \frac{1}{2}$ " x 11" paper. All transcripts shall be prepared by certified court reporters and comport with the following rules:

- (1) No fewer than 25 typed lines on standard 8 ½" x 11" paper.
- (2) No fewer than 9 or 10 characters to the typed inch;
- (3) Left-hand margins to be set at no more than 1 ¾";
- (4) Right-hand margins to be set at no more than 3/8";
- (5) Each question and answer to begin on a separate line;
- (6) Each question and answer to begin at the left-hand margin with no more than 5 spaces from the "Q" and "A" to the text;
- (7) Carry-over "Q" and "A" lines to begin at the left-hand margin;
- (8) Colloquy material, quoted material, parentheticals, and exhibit markings to begin no more than 15 spaces from the left-hand margin with carry-over lines to begin no more than 10 spaces from the left-hand margin;
- (9) All transcripts to be prepared in upper/lower case as appropriate;
- (10) All transcripts shall be prepared on only one side of the paper, not front and back;
- (11) All transcripts of depositions shall comply with these Rules.
- Additional formatting requirements are as follows:
  - A one-line header is required on every page. The header must contain your test identification number, and the name of the test.
  - > Page numbers must be inserted in a footer at the bottom right-hand corner of each page.
- A separate flash drive is required for the transcript of each test segment submitted. Complete audio or machine shorthand notes are required to support the transcript of each test segment submitted. The audio or machine shorthand notes should be submitted as one file. Audio files or machine shorthand notes may be saved to any one of your flash drives. Please clearly indicate which file(s) are contained on each flash drive.

♦ Your test identification number **MUST** appear on all materials submitted to the test proctor.

YOUR NAME MUST NOT APPEAR ON ANY TEST MATERIALS PLACED IN YOUR TEST PACKET. IF YOUR NAME APPEARS ON ANY MATERIALS PLACED IN THE TEST PACKET, IT WILL RESULT IN DISQUALIFICATION AND YOUR TEST(S) WILL NOT BE GRADED.

- Participant's transcripts must be downloaded to the flash drive(s) provided to you. Audio files must be formatted so that they will open in Windows Media Player.
- > Machine shorthand notes **must** be printed or provided as a PDF file.
- > Text files **must** be formatted so that they will open in Word (preferred), WordPerfect, Adobe Acrobat Reader, or the equivalent thereof. Please check file extensions to assure compliance with this rule.

NOTE: You are encouraged to save your transcript to your computer's hard drive and not solely to your flash drive. Should a malfunction occur during the download process and you have not saved to the hard drive, you may lose your transcript.

#### SUBMISSION OF TEST MATERIALS AND EXITING THE TEST AREA

- ◆ Printed transcripts will not be accepted by test proctor. However, you may printa hard copy for your proofreading purposes only.
- ◆ Test materials must be submitted on a flash drive in one of the formats listed above. SD cards and compact flash cards are not allowable media. Only flash drives will be accepted, and all test materials submitted in other formats or on other media will be disqualified.
- All segments must be supported by a submitted audio file or machine shorthand notes. Any test segment not supported by a complete audio file or machine shorthand notes will be disqualified.
- When all test segments are completed, any and all materials used during testing must be submitted to the test proctor. These materials include, but are not limited to: paper transcripts used for proofing, media containing test transcript(s), media containing audio file(s), media containing machine shorthand notes, scratch paper, and/or notes created during the test.

#### **EQUIPMENT CONCERNS AND REMINDERS**

As an Applicant, you must be completely familiar with all of the equipment you use during the certification test. No technical assistance by test proctors or other Applicants will be allowed. You are required to set up, operate, and put away individual equipment (recording equipment, transcription equipment, computer)

- on your own.
- ◆ Technical difficulties experienced during the Dictation Skills Test are the sole responsibility of the Applicant. No technical assistance from the test proctors or other test Applicants is allowed. No refund will be given to Applicants unable to test or properly submit test materials due to technical problems.
- ♦ Since there is only a very brief pause between segments during the dictation portion of the exam, Applicants are encouraged, but not required, to create a single audio file for all test segments. Audio file(s) may be submitted with any

segment. Please indicate which flash drive contains the audio file.

# **VOICE WRITER INSTRUCTIONS**

- All live microphones must be disabled on laptops and digital recorders. Outside microphones or room recordings of any kind will not be tolerated and are grounds for immediate disqualification.
- ♦ Applicants using digital recording equipment are required to save their voice in a format compatible with Windows Media Player to a flash drive provided to you. Failure to successfully save your voice in a Windows Media Player compatible format will result in disqualification.
- Voice writers will be monitored for silence and may be disqualified after two warnings.
- ◆ Transcripts not supported by Applicant's voice audio will be disqualified.

#### **MACHINE WRITER INSTRUCTIONS**

- All live microphones must be disabled on laptops and steno machines. Outside microphones or room recordings of any kind will not be tolerated and are grounds for immediate disqualification.
- If Applicant is using a paperless steno machine, Applicant must have a steno machine or CAT software that allows Applicant to save steno notes to a flash drive.
- ♦ Applicant is required to delete exam notes/memory file from steno machine.
- ♦ Transcripts not supported by Applicant's steno notes will be disqualified.
- Text files must be formatted so that they will open in Word (preferred), WordPerfect, Adobe Acrobat Reader, or the equivalent thereof. Please checkfile extensions to assure compliance with this rule.

#### **DISQUALIFICATION**

Reasons for disqualification include but are not limited to:

- Outside microphones, room recordings of any kind, and open or concealed recording devices that record anything other than the Applicant's voice will not be tolerated and are grounds for immediate disqualification.
- Unauthorized departure from the test room will result in disqualification of entire test.

- Persons not set up and ready to test when doors close will be required toleave the test room and will be disqualified from the test event.
- ♦ Test transcripts or other items in the test envelope that have participant's name will result in disqualification of entire test.
- Transcripts not supported by participant's voice audio or machineshorthand notes will be disqualified.
- Text files improperly formatted so that they will not open in Word (preferred), WordPerfect, Adobe Acrobat Reader, or the equivalent thereof will result in disqualification.
- ♦ Audio files that are improperly formatted so they will not open in Windows Media Player will result in disqualification.
- Machine shorthand notes that are improperly formatted so they will not openin Adobe Acrobat Reader, or the equivalent thereof will result in disqualification.
- ♦ Accessing the internet during any portion of the examination will result in disqualification of entire test.
- ◆ Cell phones and other electronic equipment not completely turned off willresult in disqualification of entire test.
- ♦ Disruption by a test Applicant during the audio portion of the examination may result in disqualification of entire test.
- ♦ Transcripts not comporting with guidelines as set out in these instructions may result in disqualification of the segment.

# What is an Error?

Grading Guidelines for the Arkansas Court Reporter Certification Exam [Adopted March 2017 from the National Verbatim Reporters Association Grading Guidelines]

Automatic	Fails:	Allowable errors for exams:				
Name on a	ny test materials		Literary	4	5	95%
•	Non-compliance with Supreme Court		Jury Charge	5	0	95%
and Appellate Court Rule 3-1(	ate Court Rule 3-1(1)(1)-(11	.)	Q & A	5	6	95%
			Written test	1	5	70%

NOTE: The percentages addressed herein shall not be subject to modification by implementation of rounding up or down.

The following list of errors should be used as a guideline for correcting exam papers.

(D=professional dictation, W=written in transcript)

			# of Errors
1.	Each	wrong word.	
	(D)	He used a key to <u>access</u> the building.	
	(W)	He used a key to <u>excess</u> the building.	1 error
	(D)	Did you notice the color of the traffic light?	
	(W)	Did you see the color of the traffic light?	1 error
2.	Each	added word.	
	(D)	Please tell us about <u>your work</u> history.	
	(W)	Please tell us about your past work history.	1 error

# 3. Each dropped word.

- (D) The <u>light was green</u> as I approached the intersection.
- (W) The <u>light green</u> as I approached the intersection. 1 error
- (D) The meeting is scheduled to start at 8 o'clock on Monday.
- (W) The meeting is scheduled to start at 8:00 Monday. 1 error

### 4. Misspelled word.

- (D) I called my doctor yesterday.
- (W) I called my docter yesterday. 1 error
- (D) It's my party and I'll cry if I want to.
- (W) Its my party and I'll cry if I want to. 1 error
- (D) The <u>Johnsons</u> will hold their annual picnic.
- (W) The <u>Johnson's</u> will hold their annual picnic. 1 error
- (D) I am self-employed.
- (W) I am <u>self employed</u>. 1 error

# 5. Each wrong name.

- (D) Mr. <u>Johnson</u> borrowed my car last week.
- (W) Mr. <u>Jones</u> borrowed my car last week. 1 error

# 6. Transposed words.

- (D) I since have been promoted to manager of sales.
- (W) I have since been promoted to manager of sales. 1 error

NOTE: If words or phrases are transposed from one place in a sentence to another, each misplaced word is an error.

- (D) I checked my luggage and <u>I went for coffee</u>.
- (W) I went for coffee and I checked my luggage. 4 errors

<b>7.</b>	<b>Each omitted</b>	, added,	or mis	placed (	Q and A.

- (D) Q Where do you live, Mr. Smith?
- (W) Where do you live, Mr. Smith?

1 error

- (D) A Are you asking when I worked there?
  - Q How long?
- (W) A Are you asking when I worked there? How long?

1 error

# 8. Wrong punctuation.

# Improper end of sentence mark.

- (D) I didn't see him prior to the collision.
- (W) I didn't see him prior to the collision!

1 error

(W) I didn't see him prior to the collision \_\_\_

1 error

(W) I didn't see him prior to the collision ...

1 error

- (D) How old are you?
- (W) How old are you.

1 error

# Omission of period or question mark.

- (D) He didn't answer the phone. He didn't hear it ring.
- (W) He didn't answer the phone he didn't hear it ring.

1 error

# Omission of period required by rules of punctuation.

- (D) The meeting begins at 9 a.m. in Conference Room 101.
- (W) The meeting begins at 9 am in Conference Room 101.

#### Each omitted comma in a date.

- (D) I was born on October 11, 1951, in North Carolina.
- (W) I was born on October 11 1951 in North Carolina.

2 errors

# Each omitted comma for city and state.

(D) (W) I have lived in Atlanta, Georgia, since 1985.

I have lived in Atlanta, Georgia since 1985.

(W) I have lived in Atlanta Georgia since 1985. 2 errors Each omitted comma in a series. **NOTE:** The comma before a conjunction is optional. (D) He owned a cat, a dog, three birds, and some fish. He owned a cat a dog three birds and some fish. (W) 2 errors He owned a cat, a dog, three birds and some fish. (W) 0 errors Each omitted comma in a direct address. (D) Sir, please state your name and occupation. (W) Sir please state your name and occupation. 1 error (D) Tell me, Bob, about your new job. Tell me, Bob about your new job. (W) 1 error (W) Tell me Bob about your new job. 2 errors Each omitted or misused colon in a series or list. (D) I like three kinds of music: jazz, blues, and pop. (W) I like three kinds of music, jazz, blues, and pop. 1 error (D) Two factors cannot be ignored: the budget and the bottom line. (W) Two factors cannot be <u>ignored</u>, the budget and the bottom line. 1 error (D) We considered two things when making the decision. We looked at age, and we looked at location. (W) We considered two things when making the decision:

# Each inappropriate use of semicolon.

(D) I don't like <u>him, not</u> at all.

(W) I don't like him; not at all.

We looked at age, and we looked at location.

1 error

1 error

1 error

- (D) There are many books on chaos <u>theory</u>, no fewer than 12 since 1988.
- (W) There are many books on chaos <u>theory; no</u> fewer than 12 since 1988.

1 error

- (D) There are three movies in that <u>series</u>, and I have seen them all.
- (W) There are three movies in that series; and I have seen them all. 1error
- (D) Did you go to his <a href="house because">house because</a> you wanted to get your backpack?
- (W) Did you go to his <u>house; because</u> you wanted to getyour backpack?

NOTE: No error will be counted for use of a period between two closely-related sentences not separated by a conjunction.

- (D) Call me tomorrow; I will give you my answer then.
- (W) Call me tomorrow. I will give you my answer then.

0 error

1 error

- (D) John is Canadian; however, he lives in the U.S.
- (W) John is Canadian. However, he lives in the U.S.

0 error

- 9. Each missing space.
  - (D) I worked in the paper plant until I retired.
  - (W) I worked in thepaper plant until I retired.

1 error

- 10. Each compound word written as two words and vice versa.
  - (D) Mary agreed to pick up the children.
  - (W) Mary agreed to <u>pickup</u> the children.

1 error

- 11. Each omitted capital letter when clearly needed.
  - (W) I saw <u>Dr. smith</u> for the first time in October. 1 error
  - (W) I moved to Miami, florida.

1 error

12. Each contraction written as two words and vice versa.			
	(D) (W)	He won't speed down that road again. He will not speed down that road again.	1 error
13.	Inco	rrect verb tense.	
	(D) (W)	Do you <u>need</u> additional credits for this CE cycle? Do you <u>needed</u> additional credits for this CE cycle?	1 error
14.	Each	plural incorrectly written as singular and vice versa.	
	(D) (W)	I cashed five <u>checks</u> and then made one deposit. I cashed five <u>check</u> and then made one deposit.	1 error
15.	Each	acronym which contains hyphens, or words.	
	(D) (W) (W)	I missed last month's <u>PTA</u> meeting. I missed last month's <u>P-T-A</u> meeting. I missed last month's <u>P tea A</u> meeting.	1 error 1 error
16.	Date	s must be expressed as numerals.	
	(D) (W)	My daughter was born <u>July 8, 1980</u> . My daughter was born <u>July eight, 19 eighty</u> .	2 errors
17.	Each	wrong or incorrectly rendered number.	
	(D) (W)	I've lived here since <u>1996</u> . I've lived here since <u>1966</u> .	1 error
	(D) (W)	720 700 twenty	1 error

# The following will **NOT** be counted as errors:

- 1. Large numbers containing six zeros or more may be written as a combination of words and numerals: 11 million *or* eleven million
- 2. Fractions written as words or numerals: 1/4 or one-fourth
- 3. Use of the word "dollars" instead of the \$ symbol: \$117 or 117 dollars

NOTE: Omission of the word "dollars" or \$ symbol is 1 error for a dropped word.

4. Use of the word "percent" instead of the % symbol: 30 percent or 30%

NOTE: Omission of the word "percent" or % symbol is 1 error for a dropped word.

- 5. In dates, cardinal numbers for ordinal numbers and vice versa: December 5 or December 5th
- 6. Missing hyphens in compound adjectives: 15-page report *or* 15 page report
- 7. Hyphen used at the end of a line to divide a word
- 8. An extra space where only one space is required: I <u>went to</u> the store for eggs.
- 9. Misplaced commas except as listed in Guideline No. 8 above (pages 13-15).
- 10. Punctuation which is part of any other error
- 11. Spelling of proper names, except that the name must sound similar to the name dictated, must contain the same number of syllables, and must be used consistently throughout the transcript
- 12. Miss, Mrs., or Ms. used interchangeably, *except* that one form must be used consistently throughout the transcript
- 13. Time written as six o'clock or 6:00

- 14. Q and A not dictated during two-voice question-and-answer segment, but must appear in the transcript
- **15.** Paragraphing is not required, but is **strongly recommended**

#### NOTICE TO NEW COURT REPORTER

By per curiam order of the Supreme Court of Arkansas dated September 9, 2004, Section 14 of the Regulations of the Board of Certified Court Reporter Examiners has been revised as follows:

- "(g) Each individual successfully passing the certification examination shall, prior to receiving certification from the Board, participate in an orientation session at a time and place set by the Board."
- 1. Any Applicant who has successfully passed the certification examination is required to attend an orientation class. There are no exceptions to this regulation. The newly certified court reporter must attend the orientation prior to receiving his/her certification.
- 2. The Court Reporter Reference Manual is available on the website and will be referred to in the orientation. It is recommended that the new reporter print the manual or have it available to refer to on a device before orientation.
- 3. The orientation class will include:

A freelance court reporter who will review rules and regulations as well as information and forms pertaining to freelance court reporting.

An official court reporter who will review rules and regulations as well as information and forms pertaining to official reporting in the courtroom.

Continuing education credits will be earned based upon the length of the program.

The Court Reporter Reference Manual contains freelance reporter information and forms; official reporter information and forms; continuing education information; Rules and Regulations for Arkansas court reporters; substitute reporter information and forms; Arkansas Court Reporters Association (ACRA) information, and Maude Parkman Mentor Program information and application. Certification numbers will be provided by the Executive Secretary upon completion of orientation.

#### **STUDY MATERIAL - LEGAL TERMS**

a.k.a. (a/k/a): also known as; frequently used in captions

**abeyance:** estate law - a lapse in succession during which there is no person in whom title is vested

**abstract of title**: excerpts from the official records containing the essential information to show the chain of title to real estate and the facts of record that bear upon its marketability

**ad damnum**: the clause of a writ or declaration containing statement of damages claimed

ad hoc: for only the particular case at hand

adjudication: the rendering of a decision; sometimes the decision itself

ad litem: for the purposes of the suit

**affirmation:** a solemn and formal declaration of asseveration that an affidavit is true, that the witness will tell the truth; being substituted for an oath in certain cases

a fortiori: with greater reason or more convincing force

aliunde: from another source; from outside

allegation: the claim of fact that a party makes in a pleading

**allocution**: formality of court's inquiry of prisoner as to whether he/she has any legal cause to show why judgment should not be pronounced against him/her on verdict of conviction

**amicus curiae**: friend of the court; one who volunteers information, with the court's permission, on matters of law

ancillary: auxiliary, supplementary

**annotations**: the case summaries which follow and construe the statutes printed in the commercially produced statute books; they are not official

**answer**: the defendant's pleading which responds to the plaintiff's petition or complaint

ante: listed prior in same index or material

**appearance**: the act of submitting oneself to the court officially, usually by the attorney filing an appearance with the clerk

**appellant**: the party seeking a change in a lower court's decision or administrative order by an appeal to a higher court

**appellate court**: the court which hears appeals from the decisions of other courts, as contrasted with a trial court where the cases are litigated initially

**arraignment**: in criminal law, the formal hearing at which the defendant is called before the judge to plead to the charge

asportation: a carrying away; felonious removal of goods

**attachment**: a procedure whereby the plaintiff secures a lien against the property of the defendant to satisfy an obligation which may not yet be determined

**attorney of record**: the attorney whose name appears in the official record as the lawyer representing the party

**bail**: the process of taking some security to guarantee that an accused person will appear at a hearing or trial

**bailiff**: the courtroom attendant who maintains order and facilitates the conduct of the trial

**best evidence**: evidence from the most reliable source; an original as against a copy

bill of sale: an instrument evidencing a transfer of personal property

**brief:** the document that a lawyer files with the court arguing the law and facts in support of his/her case

burden of proof: the duty that falls upon a party to prove a fact affirmatively

canon: a system of correlated rules or standards

**caption**: the heading on a pleading, containing name of court, county, parties, and the title of the document

carte blanche: unlimited authority; a free hand

caveat: warning

caveat emptor: let the buyer beware

**certiorari**: appellate review proceeding examining action of inferior court for further information; a writ of review or inquiry

chambers: a judge's office

**change of venue**: moving a case from one county to another

chattel: an item of personal property

**chattel real**: an item of personal property so affixed to the real estate as to be considered a part thereof; a fixture

**circumstantial evidence**: indirect evidence; evidence from which you can draw a conclusion, but it, itself, does not establish the fact

**civil**: relating to private rights and remedies sought by suit, distinct from criminal proceedings

**class action:** an action brought by a group of people having common characteristics from which arises a common legal position such that the court can efficiently and fairly adjudicate in a single proceeding

**code**: compilation of all existing law in effect under a system of subjects in a particular jurisdiction

collusion: secret cooperation for a fraudulent purpose

**common law**: law evolving from ancient custom, from judicial decision and casual statutes, as contrasted with a concerted plan of statutory enactments

**complainant**: the party making complaint, thus instigating prosecution in a legal action

**complaint**: the first document filed in a lawsuit by the plaintiff setting forth claim or case

**condemnation**: the taking of private property for public use upon the payment of compensation

**consideration**: in contract law, value given or received; can be money, services or property, or mutual performances; the factor that makes a contract binding

**contempt of court:** acts which impede the court; it can be failure to carry out an order, or it can be disrespectful conduct

contingent fee: the lawyer must win to get paid

**contumacy**: stubborn resistance to authority

corroboration: to strengthen or support with other evidence

**corpus delicti**: the body of the crime; that is, the physical object upon which the crime was committed

corroboration: that which strengthens or confirms

**costs**: the expenses of a trial or proceeding which may be charged to one or both of the parties; usually does not include the attorney's fees

**count**: a distinct statement of plaintiff's cause of action; a complaint or indictment may contain one or more counts

**counterclaim**: the claim that a defendant may make against a plaintiff in the plaintiff's action against him

**countermand:** a change or revocation of orders, authority, or instructions previously issued

**court of record**: court which is required to make a record of and preserve its proceedings

**cross-examination**: interrogation of a party or a witness by the other side to test knowledge, observation, and credibility

d/b/a: doing business as

damages: the monetary redress which one seeks to recover from another

**declaratory judgment**: one which simply declares the rights of parties or expresses opinion of the court on a question of law without ordering anything to be done; distinguished from other actions in that it does not seek execution or performance from the defendant or opposing parties

decree: a decision or order of a court, often a dissolution of marriage decree

deed: an instrument effecting a transfer of real estate

defacto: in fact, in deed, actually

**default**: usually in pleading, a failure to take a required step within a specified time; can result in a default judgment against the one who failed to act

**defendant**: one against whom the action is brought

**deja vu**: already seen; the illusion of having previously experienced something actually encountered for the first time

de jure: legitimate; lawful

de minimis: insignificant; minute; frivolous

**demurrer**: a pleading which says, "I admit, for the purpose of argument, that your claimed facts are true, but those facts do not give you a valid claim against me."

de novo: anew; starting over as though not done before

**deposition**: taking testimony outside the courtroom before a court reporter with the other side present for purpose of cross-examination; testimony is given under oath and reduced to writing

**dictum**: in a court's decision, the statement of a rule or principle of law which is not essential to the determination of the issues in a particular case but is used to explain the court's reasoning

**digest**: a multi-volume collection of abbreviated case summaries arranged by subject matter; a research tool

**direct evidence**: that offered by eyewitnesses as contrasted to circumstantial evidence from which conclusions are drawn

direct examination: interrogation of one's own party or witnesses

**discovery**: the pretrial process whereby one side seeks to discover facts known by the other side

**dismissal without prejudice**: dismissal without trial which permits party to bring another civil action for the same cause unless civil action is otherwise barred

**dismissal with prejudice**: dismissal without trial which bars the assertion of the same cause of action or claim against the same party

**dissent**: the opinion of a judge who does not agree with the majority of the court

dissolution: termination; frequently used in "dissolution of marriage"

**domicile**: the actual place that is home to the person; stronger than residence; you may have several residences simultaneously, but only one domicile

double jeopardy: being prosecuted twice for the same crime

**due process**: according a person all of the rights and privileges afforded by the law

e.g.: exempli gratia; for example

easement: a right of access onto, over, under, or across real property

**emancipation**: freed of parental control although not yet having reached age of majority

embezzlement: fraudulent use of money entrusted to one's care

**eminent domain**: the power to take private property for public use through condemnation proceedings and compensation

en banc: all of the judges of one court sitting together

enjoin: usually to stop a person from doing some act by court order

**equity**: as used in trial work, means a system of justice for causes of action not governed by specific statutes or law; negligence is a law action; injunction is an equity action

**equity**: as used in property or contract law, means the interest that person has in property he/she is mortgaging or is buying; the amount remaining over and above the amount of the mortgage thereon or balance due on the purchase price under the contract to buy the same

escrow: held by a third party until an agreed event takes place

estate: the total probate assets of a deceased person

et al.: and others

et seq.: and following

et ux.: and wife

**exception**: a legal objection to ruling of court

**exculpatory**: refers to evidence and/or statements which tend to clear, justify, or excuse a defendant from alleged fault or guilt

ex officio: by virtue or because of an office

**ex parte**: by or for one person, not adversary

**ex relatione**: upon relation or information; legal proceedings which are instituted by the attorney general (or other proper person) in the name and behalf of the state, but on the information and at the instigation of an individual who has a private interest in the matter, are said to be taken "on the relation" (ex relatione) of such person, who is called the "relator"; such a cause is usually entitled thus: State ex rel. Doe v Roe

extradition: surrender of an alleged criminal by one state to another

fait accompli: an accomplished fact; thing already done

felony: a serious crime established by statute; punishable by imprisonment

**fiduciary**: a broad term for one who has a trust to perform; trustees, guardians, and agents are all fiduciaries

**foreclosure**: action to take possession of mortgaged property and to collect for amounts still due and owing thereon when the conditions set forth in the mortgage have not been met

**fraud**: intentional perversion of truth for purposes of persuading another to part with something of value

garnishee: to take by legal authority

**garnishment**: action compelling a third party (usually an employer) to pay some of the defendant's money to the plaintiff

grand jury: hears criminal accusations and holds for trial or refuses to indict

**guardian**: one appointed by the court to be responsible for the person and/or property of another

**guardian ad litem**: appointed to protect a minor defendant's interest during specific litigation

habeas corpus: writ for the release of a prisoner

**headnote**: the paragraphed material which precedes the opinion of the court describing the issues in a particular decision

**heir:** one who inherits the property of another by operation of law rather than by will

**hornbook law**: those principles of law which are known generally to all and are free from doubt and ambiguity

**hostile witness**: witness who manifests so much hostility or prejudice under examination in chief that the party who has called witness is allowed to cross-examine him/her; i.e., to treat witness as though he/she had been called by the opposite party

hung jury: one which cannot agree on a verdict

**hypothetical question**: a question asking an expert witness to assume proven facts and eliciting witness' opinion based on those facts

**i.e.**: id est; that is

impeachment: destruction of witness' credibility

in camera: in chambers

inchoate: not yet clearly or completely formed or organized

inculpatory: that which tends to incriminate or bring about a criminal

conviction

indictment: a formal charge by a grand jury

infra: below, later in this document

injunction: a court order prohibiting some action

in limine: on or at the threshold; at the very beginning; preliminary

in personam: against a person to impose a liability or obligation

in re: in the matter of; concerning

inter alia: among other things

interlineation: amending of pleading or motion by written insertion between

words or lines already typed or printed

interlocutory: temporary or intermediate; not final

interrogatories: written questions propounded by one party and served on

adversary, who must serve written answers thereto under oath

inter vivos: among the living, done during lifetime

irrelevant: not pertinent; does not relate to the matter at issue

issue: a point of dispute between the parties to a lawsuit

**joint tenancy**: an ownership of property by two or more persons; when one joint tenant dies, his/her interest passes to the other tenants

judgment: formal decision given by court

**judge pro tem**: lawyer appointed by judge to sit on bench when regular judge cannot be there

**jurat**: synonymous with acknowledgment; place on document for signatures to be notarized

**lease** (noun): a document evidencing the transfer of the use of property for a limited time

lessee: one who leases property from another; tenant

lessor: one who leases property to another; landlord

levy: seizing of property through a court order

**levy**: imposition of a tax

lex loci: the law of the place

liable: responsible; chargeable with

libel: defamation by writing

lien: a charge against property

lis pendens: a pending lawsuit

**litigate**: to carry on legal contest by judicial process

Mala fides: with bad faith

mandamus: order of a higher court directing a lower court to take certain

action

**Miranda Rule Warning:** the requirement that a person receive certain warnings relating to privilege against self-incrimination (right to remain silent) and right to the presence and advice of an attorney before any custodial interrogation by law enforcement authorities

misdemeanor: offense not punishable by imprisonment in the penitentiary

mortgagee: one who takes a mortgage (lender)

mortgagor: one who gives a mortgage

movant: applicant for rule or order in court

**nisi prius**: trial court where tried to jury as distinguished from appellate court

**next friend**: the equivalent of a guardian, but not appointed as such Usually seen in litigation where next friend brings the action on behalf of a minor

**nolle prosequi**: (commonly nolle pros) an entry on the record denoting that the plaintiff or prosecutor will proceed no further in action or suit

nolo contendere: I do not contest the claim

non sequitur: fallacy; it does not follow

**nunc pro tunc**: entered at a time subsequent with retroactive effect

objection: method of directing attention to an error in the course of the trial

**open court**: when court is in session

ordinance: a municipal statute

**parties**: the persons actively concerned in the prosecution and defense of a legal proceeding, such as plaintiff and defendant; does not include counsel

pendente lite: while suit is pending

per capita: by the head; all eligible share and share alike

peremptory challenge: excusing a prospective juror without explanation

or reason

perjury: false swearing

petitioner: one making written request for relief in court

petit jury: the ordinary jury, distinguished from grand jury

petit mal: a type of epilepsy

plagiarism: theft of literary property

plaintiff: the person or company or corporation or any legal entity named in

caption of lawsuit as bringing the action

plea: a pleading in a civil or criminal case

pleading: an instrument used to frame the issues in a lawsuit

poll: after a verdict to examine each juror separately as to concurrence in

verdict

power of attorney: written authorization to act as one's agent

**prayer**: a request that the court will grant relief desired

preliminary hearing: first appearance before a judge, for purpose of

determining whether there are grounds for prosecution

preponderance: greater weight, said of evidence

**pre-sentence**: a study of a defendant made by investigation by probation and parole officer prior to sentencing

**prima facie**: on the first appearance; a prima facie case is such as will suffice until contradicted and overcome by other evidence

pro hac vice: for this occasion

**prohibition**: order of a higher court ordering a lower court or official to refrain from taking certain action

pro se: for oneself; in one's own behalf

**punitive damages**: monetary compensation awarded to plaintiff in a lawsuit in excess of what compensates for property loss, awarded to redress for mental anguish suffered from defendant's misconduct or to punish defendant for wrong and evil actions

putative: commonly accepted or supposed

quash: to set aside as void

**quasi judicial**: part judicial, of judicial character; often said of administrative agencies

quid pro quo: one equivalent for another

**quitclaim**: to release or relinquish a claim; releases right or title to another without professing validity of title

**rebuttal**: state of trial proceedings demonstrating evidence of previous witnesses as untrue; the evidence itself

recidivist: habitual criminal

**reciprocal**: a mutual shared interest or legal action by each of two judicial areas

**recognizance:** an obligation entered into in court requiring a performance of an act, such as appearance in court

record: the official proceedings of a trial

redundant: needlessly repetitive

reply: the pleading that responds to an answer

res: literally, the thing; i.e., the trust res is the property held in trust

**res gestae**: things done; especially the acts and declarations admissible in evidence that form the environment of a litigated issue, considered as exception to hearsay rule

res ipsa loquitur: the thing speaks for itself

**res judicata**: a thing or point formerly in controversy but now judicially settled

**respondent**: person against whom relief is asked, who opposes prayer of petition

**retainer**: the arrangement (or the fee) where a lawyer undertakes to represent a client; usually refers to a continuing arrangement

rigor mortis: rigidity of muscles occurring after death

riparian rights: rights which accrue to owner of land on the banks of waterway

**security agreement**: a lien on goods or personal property to secure payment on the purchase price of goods on the installment plan; replaces the oldchattel mortgage

**separate maintenance**: allowance granted to a spouse for support of the spouse and children while living apart from husband/wife

**show cause**: a direction to appear and present reasons to court why some order or decree should not take effect or be confirmed

sic: Latin for "thus in the original"; exact reproduction

since qua non: the essential element

slander: oral defamation

special judge: one selected from a panel to serve as judge in a particular case

stare decisis: the rule of precedent; that which is decided once will be applied

in the future

**statute:** the written law as enacted by the legislature

**statute of limitations:** statute specifying a time period within which something must be done or rights will be lost

**stipulation:** the agreement of counsel as to existence of certain facts or circumstances

sua sponte: of its own will or motion

**subpoena**: under penalty or pain; order of the court requiring a witness to appear

**subpoena duces tecum:** an order of the court for a witness to produce documents or records

sui juris: of one's own right

suo nomine: in one's own name

summons: a writ of notification requiring the person to appear and defend

**suppor**t: the sums required of a divorced parent for the support of the children of the marriage

supra: above, earlier in this document

**tenants in common:** a joint tenancy of two or more people, but when one tenant in common dies his/her interest passes to his/her heirs, etc., not to the other tenants

**tenancy by entirety:** a joint tenancy between husband and wife; each is considered as owning the whole; when one dies, the other still owns all the property

**tort:** a civil wrong (as compared to a crime) for which a suit for damages may be brought

transcript: an official report of the proceedings of a trial

trauma: physical or mental injury to a person caused by external violence

trust: the placing of property in one's hands for the benefit of another

**U.C.C.:** Uniform Commercial Code

ultra vires: outside of the scope of authority to act

**unclean hands:** one of the equitable maxims embodying the principle that a party seeking equitable relief must not have done any dishonest act in the transaction upon which he/she maintains an action of equity

usury: charging more than the legal rate of interest

vendee: buyer

vendor: seller

venire: an entire panel from which jury is drawn

venue: the place of jurisdiction

viz.: videlicet; namely

voir dire: speak the truth; a preliminary examination to determine competency

of witness or juror

wanton: grossly negligent or careless

ward: a person placed in the care of a guardian by court order

warrant: a written order directing the arrest of a person or persons, issued by a court, body, or official having authority to issue warrants of arrest

**weight of evidence**: a phrase which indicates the relative value of the totality of evidence presented on one side of a judicial dispute, in light of the evidence presented on the other side

whiplash injury: neck injury commonly associated with "rear end" automobile collisions

work product: that work done by an attorney in the process of representing the client which is ordinarily not subject to discovery

writ: court order commanding or authorizing some action

## STUDY MATERIAL - WORD USAGE

accede: to agree

exceed: to go beyond limit

accept: to receive willingly
except: other than; to exclude

access: entrance

excess: more than needed

adherence: close attachment; devotion

adherents: supporters of a cause

advice: opinion, suggestion

advise: to offer advice to, to counsel

affect: to influence; emotional response

effect: a result; to cause to happen

aid: to assist
aide: assistant

ail: feel ill

ale: type of beer

aisle: passageway between rows of seats

isle: small island

**all ready**: prepared **already**: by this time

allowed: permitted

aloud: in loud tone, out loud

allude: to refer to indirectly

elude: to avoid

allusion: indirect reference

illusion: erroneous belief perception

elusion: avoidance

alright: informal use of all right
all right: satisfactory; agreeable

altar: elevated structure for religious ceremonies

alter: to adjust or modify

altogether: adverb, meaning all told

all together: all present

ascent: an upward slope
assent: agreement; to agree

awhile: adverb, meaning a short period of time

a while: noun phrase, meaning a period or interval of time

bail: money for release of arrested person

bale: wrapped package

bare: unclothed; to reveal
bear: to carry; an animal

bazaar: marketplace, fair

bizarre: strange

beat: whip, thrash

beet: dark red root vegetable

**been**: past participle of be **bin**: storage container

beer: alcoholic beverage

bier: coffin stand

biannual: occurring twice a year

biennial: occurring once every two years

**bloc**: a group united for common cause

block: piece of wood, city square; to prevent passage

**boar**: male swine **boor**: crude person

bore: dull, tiresome person; to make a hole

**board**: a plank of wood **bored**: uninterested

born: brought into life

**borne**: carried

brake: stop
break: smash

breach: to break or violate

breech: part of a gun

breadth: width

**breath:** air inhaled and exhaled **breathe:** to inhale and exhale

buy: purchase
by: next to

cannon: large gun
canon: code of law

canvas: heavy cloth

canvass: to examine or survey

capital: seat of government, uppercase letter of alphabet; very serious; sum of

money

capitol: building where legislature meets

cash: ready money

cache: secure place of storage

cede: to surrender

**seed**: propagative part of plant; to plant

**cellar**: basement **seller**: one who sells

censer: incense container

censor: one who condemns; to examine for objectionable material

censure: reprimand

**sensor**: a device that responds to stimulus

**choir**: company of singers

quire: one twentieth of a ream of paper

choose: to select

chose: past tense of choose

**chord**: tones sounded together

cord: twine, rope, cable

cite: to quote an authority

**sight:** the ability to see; to look at

**site**: a place

cloth: fabric

clothe: to cover with clothing

coarse: rough, crude

course: a route, program of instruction

**complement:** something that completes; makes whole

compliment: expression of praise; to praise

**conscience:** sense of right and wrong **conscious:** aware, capable of thought

**consul:** government official **council:** governing body

counsel: advice, attorney; to advise

core: innermost part

corps: military group, group of persons acting together

corpse: dead body

deprivation: the act of depriving; loss

**depravation:** moral corruption; perversion

decent: acceptable

**descent:** downward slope or movement; ancestry

dissent: disagreement; to disagree

**desert:** arid region; to abandon **dessert:** after-dinner course

die: expire; singular of dice

dye: color

**discreet:** reserved, respectful **discrete:** individual, distinct

done: finished; past participle of do

dun: dull brown color; to demand payment

earn: to gain from work

urn: a vase

elicit: to bring out

illicit: illegal, forbidden

emigrate: to leave one region or country to settle in another; emigrate from

immigrate: to settle in a region or country other than one's native area; immigrate to

eminent: distinguished
imminent: about to occur

envelop: to surround
envelope: wrapper

everyday: ordinary
every day: each day

everyone: everybody
every one: each one

**exercise:** bodily exertion; to use **exorcise:** to free from evil spirit

**faint:** lose consciousness **feint:** misleading movement

fair: average; lovely

fare: a charge for transportation

farther: greater distance

further: additional; to promote

flair: style, talent

flare: to flame up; sudden outburst

forego: to go before
forgo: to do without

foreword: preface to book

forward: in front; to send, promote

formally: conventionally, ceremonially

formerly: previously

forth: forward

fourth: number after third

foul: offensive

fowl: types of birds

gate: structure blocking an entrance

gait: rhythm of movement

**gorilla:** a large primate **guerrilla:** a kind of soldier

grate: framework of bars; to annoy

great: large, distinguished

grisly: gruesome

grizzly: species of bear; partly gray

hail: frozen precipitation; to greet enthusiastically

hale: in sound health

hangar: structure for aircraft storagehanger: a device for hanging clothes

heal: to mend heel: part of foot

hew: to shape with ax

hue: color

hear: to perceive by ear

here: in this place

heard: past tense of hearherd: a group of animals

hole: an opening whole: complete

hoard: to store up horde: large group

incite: to provoke

insight: ability to discern

its: possessive of itit's: contraction of it is

lane: narrow roadway lain: past participle of lie

latches: a fastener

laches: negligence in the observation of duty

later: occurring after

latter: second of two things

lead: heavy metal; front position; to guide

led: past tense of lead

lessen: to make less

lesson: something learned

lesser: smaller

lessor: one who leases

liable: responsible

libel: written defamation

lightening: lessening

lightning: electrical discharge in atmosphere

**loath:** unwilling, reluctant **loathe:** to dislike intensely

loose: slack, not tight

lose: to mislay; opposite of win

mail: postal material; armor

male: masculine

meat: edible flesh meet: encounter mete: to deal out

medal: an award meddle: to interfere metal: hard substance mettle: courage, spirit

**might**: power, force; may **mite**: small object or creature

moral: conviction of right or wrong

morale: spirit of enthusiasm or discipline in a group

more: additional moor: open land

naval: relating to navy or ships

navel: where umbilical cord was attached

**no:** the opposite of yes **know:** to be certain

pail: bucket

pale: light in color, pallid

pair: two matched items

pare: to peel
pear: fruit

palate: roof of the mouth

palette: board for mixing artist's paints
pallet: platform for freight; mattress

passed: past tense of pass
past: after; a time gone by

patience: forbearance

patients: persons under medical care

peace: the absence of war
piece: a portion of something

peak: high point, pinnacle

peek: quick look
pique: resentment

peal: to ring out
peel: skin of fruit

pedal: foot lever

peddle: sell

petal: part of flower

**peer:** to look intently; a person of equal status **pier:** platform extending from shore over water

personal: private

personnel: employees

phase: a stage or period

faze: to disturb

plain: clear

plane: airborne vehicle; carpenter's tool

plaintiff: complaining party in litigation

plaintive: sorrowful, melancholy

populace: population

populous: containing many inhabitants

pole: long, rounded piece of wood

**poll:** voting place; to question in survey

pore: tiny opening in skin; to read or study intently

pour: to stream or flow

precede: to come before in time
proceed: go forward, continue

precedence: priority of importance

precedents: prior in time, arrangement, or significance

**prescribe:** to lay down a rule, dictate

proscribe: to condemn or forbid as harmful or unlawful

presence: the state of being at hand

presents: gifts

principal: most important; sum of money; head of school

principle: a basic truth or law; rule or standard

prophecy: a prediction
prophesy: to predict

putative: commonly accepted or supposed
punitive: inflicting or aiming at punishment

query: question, inquiry

quarry: stone excavation, prey

rail: horizontal bar

rale: rattling breath sound

rain: precipitationreign: to rule

rein: a strap for controlling an animal

raise: to build up raze: to tear down

rational: sane, logical

rationale: explanation or reason

real: actual

reel: a spool; to wind

regimen: a systemic plan; regular course of action

regiment: a military unit

respectfully: with regard or deference respectively: in the order designated

right: correct

rite: a religious ceremony

write: to form letters, compose

road: a surface for drivingrode: past tense of ride

role: function, capacity; part played by actor

roll: a list; to rotate

**rote:** memorizing process wrote: past tense of write

sail: fabric for propelling ship; to move effortlessly

sale: the act of selling

sane: of sound mindseine: fishing net

**scene:** where an action occurs **seen:** past participle of see

shear: to cut

**sheer:** steep; transparent; to turn aside

sleight: clever trick

slight: to treat thoughtlessly

**sometime:** at a time in the future **some time:** an unspecified time

stalk: stem of plant; to track

stock: a supply of merchandise; corporate shares

stationary: unmoving
stationery: writing paper

steal: take property
steel: hard metal

straight: unbending

strait: a water passageway

taught: past tense of teach

taut: tight

tense: nerve-racking
tents: portable shelters

tensile: of or relating to tension

tinsel: threads, strips of plastics or metals used to produce sparkling appearance in

fabrics, yarns, or decorations

**their:** possessive of they **there:** opposite of here

they're: contraction of they are

throe: spasm of pain

throw: to toss

**timber:** trees; wood **timbre:** distinctive tone

to: toward too: also

two: number following one

treaties: contracts, formal agreements

treatise: written account

troop: group of people

troupe: theatrical company

trooper: a state police officer

**trouper:** a member of a troupe; actor

trustee: legal administrator

trusty: dependable; trustworthy

waist: the middle of the body waste: discarded material

wait: postpone

weight: measure of heaviness

waive: to relinquish voluntarily wave: hand gesture; ridge of water

want: desire
wont: apt, likely

weak: not strong

week: Sunday through Saturday

weather: state of the atmosphere

whether: used to introduce alternative possibilities

which: one of a group

witch: a sorcerer

who's: contraction of who is whose: possessive of who

wreak: to inflict punishment

wreck: to destroy

yoke: type of harness
yolk: center of egg

your: possessive of you

you're: contraction of you are

yore: time long past

## STUDY MATERIAL - COMMONLY MISSPELLED WORDS

abeyance
absence
absorption
abundance
accentuate
acceptable
accessible

accommodate accuracy accustomed achieve

accidentally

acknowledge acquaintance

acquiesce acquire across

actually address admission adolescent

adsorption

advice

advising

aesthetic

against aggravate aggressive all right

all together almost

altercation

although altogether

altruistic

amateur analysis

analyze

angel

annihilate

annual answer apology

apparent appearance

appetite appreciate

appropriate

approximately

apropos argument arrest

ascend assassinate assistance associate atheist

athlete attendance

attorneys' eyes only

audience auxiliary average bargain basically beginning belief believe conceit
beneficial conceive
benefited concentrate

boundary concert
breath condemn
breathe conquer
Britain conscience

bureaucracy conscientious burial conscious

business consistency calculator continuous carrying controlled

category controversial cede convenience cemetery convenient

certain coolly changeable council changing counsel

characteristic course chief courteous

chocolate criticism choose criticize climbed crowd coarse cruelty

column curiosity coming deceive

commercial deception commitment decide

committeddecisioncommitteedefinitelycompetentdefusecompetitiondegree

complement dependent

compliment descend

descendant divide describe divine division description desirable doctor despair drawer

desperate drunkenness

easily destroy determine ecstasy detrimental efficiency efficient develop eighth device devise either eligible dictionary difference embarrass diffident emphasize diffuse empty dilemma enemy dining entirely

diphtheria environment disagree epicurean disappear equipped especially disappoint disapprove essential disastrous etiology disburse every

discipline exaggerate

discriminate exceed discussion excellent disease excoriate disparage exercise disparate exhaust dispel existence disperse expense dissatisfied experience distinction experiment explanation hurrying hypocrisy extremely familiar hypocrite fascinate ideally favorite ideology illogical **February** finally imaginary financially imagine forcibly imitation foreign immediately foresee immigrant foreword implacable fortuitous incidentally incredible forty forward independence friend independent frightening indigenous fulfill indispensable individually gauge inevitably generally government influential initiate grammar gratuitous innocuous inoculate grief insidious guarantee insistent guard guidance integrate happily intelligence harass interest height interference heroes interpret hideous iridescent irrelevant humorous irresistible

hungry hurriedly

irritable

island morals
jealousy mournful
judgment muscle
knowledge mysterious

laboratory naturally leisure necessary length neighbor lenient neither library

license niece
lightning ninety
likelihood ninth
literally noticeable

livelihood

loneliness nuisance loose numerous lose obstacle luxury occasion lying occasionally

nuclear

lying occasionall magazine occur

maintenance occurrence

manageable official maneuver omission marriage omit

mathematicsomittedmeantonerousmedicineopponentminiatureopportunity

minor opposite minutes ordinarily

mirror originally mischievous paid

missile panacea misspelled panicky

morale paralleled

particularly primitive privilege pastime peaceable probably peculiar procedure proceed pedal perceive process professor perception profusion performance prominent permanent permissible pronunciation prophecy persevere prophesy persistence psychology personnel perspiration purpose persuade pursue persuasion pursuit quandary petal physical quantity pitiful quiet planning quizzes pleasant realistically poison realize politician really pollute rebel possession recede possibly receipt practically receive practice recognize prairie recommend reference precede referred preference preferred relief prejudice relieve preparation religious

prevalent

remembrance

reminisce sponsor renown stopping repetition strategy representative strength resemblance strenuous resistance stretch strict restaurant rhythm studying ridiculous succeed successful roommate sacrifice sufficient sacrilegious summary superintendent safety supersede satellite scarcity suppress schedule surely surprise science suspicious secretary segue technical technique seize separate temperature tendency sergeant several than shear then

sheriff though
shining throughout
shoulder together
significance tomorrow
similar tragedy
sincerely transferred

thorough

sheer

sophomore truly source twelfth speak tyranny speech unanimous

unconscious

undoubtedly

unnecessary

until

usually

vacuum

vegetable

vengeance

veracity

vicious

villain

visible

voracity

weather

Wednesday

weird

wherever

whether

wholly

woman

women

workers' compensation

writing